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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/595,373	04/13/2006	Peleg Aharoni	32438	8401
Martin Moynih	7590 03/06/200 an	EXAMINER		
PRTSI Inc.			CRANMER, LAURIE K	
P.O. Box 16446 Arlington, VA			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3636	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/06/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commence	10/595,373	AHARONI, PELEG				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Laurie K. Cranmer	3636				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim 11 apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from 12 cause the application to become ABANDONE	Lely filed the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 Ag	oril 2006.					
· <u> </u>	<u> </u>					
· <u> </u>	, 					
,— · · ·	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
<u> </u>						
	Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>13 April 2006</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/10/07.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	te				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 2, 4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Owen.

The sleeve is 36, the compartment is 28 and the cushion is 30.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Owen as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Cassese et al.

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The sleeve 32 is configured from a substantially rigid material. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to replace the sleeve of Owen with the rigid sleeve 32 as taught to be old by Cassese et al thereby providing the obvious advantage and predictable result of a more sturdy attachment construction.

Claims 6, 8-16 and 18-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Owen as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Goldstein.

Goldstein (Fig. 5) teaches a cover with an attachment to a seat with a compartment 25 for inserting a plurality of shock-absorbing cushions 45, 46, 47 which are formed of various shapes to fill the volume defined by the compartment, and wherein the cushions have different shock absorbing properties from each other (col. 6, line 66-col. 7, line 7). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to replace the single cushion of Owen with the plurality of cushions as taught to be old by Goldstein thereby providing the obvious advantage and predictable results of greater adaptability to the needs of each individual user.

Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Owen as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Lacy (`477).

Lacy teaches a compartment 20 detachable from a sleeve 12 to be conventional in the art. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the Owen device such that the compartment were detachable as taught to be old by Lacy thereby providing the obvious advantage and predictable results of more placement options of the compartment relative to the sleeve.

Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Owen in view of Goldstein et al as applied to claim 12 above, and further in view of Lacy.

Lacy teaches a compartment 20 detachable from a sleeve 12 to be conventional in the art. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to further modify the Owen device such that the compartment were detachable as taught to be old by Lacy thereby providing the obvious advantage and predictable results of more placement options of the compartment relative to the sleeve.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Volger, Salandy, McNair, Davis, Fergie, O'Sullivan, King, Vadala, Greer, Earl, Harnish, Peterson, Hecht et al, Xiang, Llewellen, and Watson all teach devices similar to that of the instant invention.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Laurie K. Cranmer whose telephone number is (571) 272-6855. The examiner can normally be reached on M-W.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Dunn can be reached on (571) 272-6670. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Laurie K. Cranmer Primary Examiner Art Unit 3636

/Laurie K. Cranmer/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3636